How do you like our new dress? CHILI ought to take antifebrine for

her temper. ing the farmer who works the soil.

THERE is no dull season to the advertisers who keep "everlastingly at it." legislature from St. Louis, referring

THE Mexico fair comes on its old to which the St. Louis Chronicle date, the first week in August, and says: "One is to be offered by will be better than ever.

"mamma," Queen Bee. THE Wade-Ringo case, which is set for trial on Friday, will be the drawing eard for this term of the

accuse Hill, Gorman or Brice of being the cause of la grippe.

THE race for Governor in the State of Missouri will open shortly. The entries will likely be Dalton, Marmadeke, Yeaman, Gibson and

THE Moberly (Mo.) Democrat is that he knew when he sent his mes sued a splendid boom edition this sage on Monday that Chili was about week. It was a creditable reflex of to accede to our demands. Conthe industry and enterprise of Mo- gressional opinion is that her huberly and had a large circulation.

In this issue of the Ledger will is ordered to remain at Callao a few be found a splendid picture of State days. Neither Senate nor House Auditor Seibert, who is making a Foreign Relations committees ser splendid official and will likely iously addressed itself to the Presisucceed himself without opposition.

The report so industriously circulated that the man named Francis. who assisted in robbing the Express messenger at Lamar, was a relative of Governor D. R. Francis, is cratic committee. Three Convenwithout foundation.

GOODWIN CREASON, of Columbia. May 11. Mo., formerly of Audrain county, sends us a long letter containing his views in reference to moving the University from Columbia. "He is very much in favor of moving it to Mexico, Mo," which he considers one of the best towns in the United States.

THE Alliance in Saline County has passed resolutions requesting its members to stay away from pri maries during the summer. If the farmers intend to right their wrongs there is only one place to do it and that is at the primaries. We have an idea that some third party crank is behind this resolution.

The Sedalia papers say that city is going to give \$50,000 in purses at the fair there this fall. Their representative at Moberly last week stated that he hoped Sedalia would be able to make as big purses as Mexico, and that is in the neighborhood of \$20,000. It does seem to us that the papers of Sedalia would find out in the course of time that "wind does not win."

It strikes us that a company should be formed at once to investi- E. A. Glenn; Mexico, C. F. Clark, gate the coal bank discovered by W. R. Carter, W. O. Foote and R parties boring the new well at the M. White; Higginsville was repre water-works reservoir. The gentle- sented by letter only; Sedalia, A. men who are boring this well inform L. Burr; Roodhouse, Ill., Capt. B. ley vs. M. Y. Duncan, referee file the Lepger that there is no question Libby; Moberly, B. R. White, B. report plaintiff files exceptions to rebut what there is plenty of coal there Levy, H. Jennings. and of the very best kind. Mexico More money will be hung out needs coal and we trust that some of in the circuit this season than ever our moneyed men will at once in- before. The first meeting will be held in Roodhouse the third week in

July, the second at Louisiana the A STUDENT writing to the LEDGER fourth week in July, the third at in reference to the removal of the Mexico the first week in August State University, says: "If the University is to be moved Mexico is first choice with a large majority of the will be in Sedalia the third week ear and lung specialist, will visit students. It is second choice of all in August, the sixth will be at Higthe rest and if it is moved there is ginsville the fourth week in August. no question but what it will go to your town." The writer is a bright. promising young fellow and is one Correspondence of the Ledger. of the most influential who is at- Maiden, Mo., Jan. 27 .- Grip tending the institution.

THE F. & L. U. of Monroe county has passed resolutions to the effect that the Board of Equalization be requested to assess all capital the same. Also that they extend thanks to B. F. Blanton, of the Paris Appeal, for a free dinner and to Burnett and Stavely of the Mercury for a free supper and to C. A. Creigh and L. McGinnis. G. Lasley for free cigars. After passing three resolutions the Union made a motion, which was carried days, is able to be around again. unanimously opposing the rebuilding of the State University at Col-

sonic and Odd Fellow organizations next summer. It's leap year and their contents were entirely consumhave had trouble, that the Ancient he wants plenty of ice cream. Order of United Workmen is in Uncle Jake Brigal has a very bad danger. There can be no compari- case of the grip. son between these three orders. In the Masonic Insurance Company and the Odd Fellows Insurance evening. Madam Rumor says we was insured for \$3,100 and building the convenience of the officers and men Company are found men advanced in shall have a wedding before the \$1,000 vears. Most of these holding poli- flowers bloom. cies are what are termed old men. Yes, it is True that our merchant shop invoiced \$1,700 the first of the the city to his officers and crew. A very small per centage, who be-was visiting in Martinsburg last year. His building cost him \$1,050. come either Odd Fellows or Masons Uncle Abe Tinsley was in Mexico take out insurance in their respective companies. Every man who this week and made us a pleasant dles were saved. becomes an A. O. U. W. has to call. He reports that all of the sick carry an insurance. A young man in his part of the county are restock were damaged some six or mated by he resident populace, and assulted by the resident populace. who joins either the Masons or Odd covering. Fellow, seldom, if ever, takes out insurance. A man who joins the enlarged call at Head's Studio. We A. O. O. W. order has to take insurance, and in this way the average guarantee each portrait to give satistics.

Will Sneed's shoe shop was a toone involving an infraction of its rights and dignity; not in a secondary way, ance.

The origin of the fire is in doubt. age of the members is kept down.

The A. O. U. W. as a beneficiary somety is the safest and cheapest old-fashioned dance last Friday

The origin of the fire is in doubt. All the firms will resume business.

Mr. Landon Craig is very ill of assault. The officers and sailors of the night.

Chili Offers Settlement.

THERE is already some talk in re-

gard to changes likely to occur in

would give us a population of about

would be in the neighborhood of

twelve to fifteen hundred. We see

it stated that there will be two bills

introduced by the members of the

Missouri Congressman.

A New Secretary Elected.

State Auditor Jas. M. Seibert.

MISSOURI FAIR CIRCUIT.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars Offer

ed in the Circuit.

The representatives of the Missouri

Fair Circuit met in Moberly last

Saturday. Those representing the

Louisiana, Chas. G. Buffum and

MAIDEN MATTERS.

Mr. John Johnson has purchase

Uncle Jake Brigal has filled hi

the farm belonging to Mr. W

families all have it.

Auxvasse shortly.

circuit were as follows:

Special Dispatch to the Ledger.

the Congressional districts. There is not likely to be much change in THE LITTLE REPUBLIC AGREES the second or third districts and we TO WITHDRAW THE MATTA have an idea that the addition of NOTE AND CONCEDES Gasconade county to the Senate dis-ALL DEMANDS. trict would be about right. This

THE political farmer is still work- 16,800 and our Democratic majority | The Administration Not Yet Satisfied, Although the Back-Down is Compiete-Chili's Humiliation-The Matter to be Arbitrated.

Representative Ryan and the other In this issue of the Ledger will by one of the Senators. Represent- This Government to-day received a be found a correct picture of Rysdyk's ative Ryan's bill provides for four-long message from Minister Egan, teen Democratic districts, which, to conveying an offer on the part of teen Democratic districts, which, to others, seems an impossibility to create. But Mr. Ryan says he has impossibility to ing difficulties with the United States ship Baltimore on the evening of the 18th of October last, I create. But Mr. Ryan says he has solved the puzzle and hopes to have States. The message confirms in the result of an investigation which has wholly the result of an accident in the solved the puzzle and hopes to have his bill adopted. A great many of every particular the statements been conducted by the criminal court at Valparaiso. It is reported unofficially The Mexico Weekly Ledger is in the redistricting of the Press dispatch received from Santi. Santi. THE Mexico Weekly Ledger is lous that in the redistricting of the \$1.50 a year cash in advanve to State Randolph county will be taken ago last evening, which was, in ef-ment, together with some adequate and everybody. No man can get this paper for a cent less.

State Kandoiph county will be taken out of Mansur's district and if possible the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken out of Mansur's district and if possible the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken out of Mansur's district and if possible the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the note of the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts be made up so draw the offensive note sent by Sential County will be taken to the new districts and the new districts and the new districts be made up so draw the new districts and the new districts are not to the new districts and the new districts are not to the new districts and the new districts are not to the new districts and the new districts are not to the new districts and the new di We are expecting every day to see one districts be made up so or Satta; to withdraw its request for tions should be disappointed or further as to allow him to go to Congress or Satta; to withdraw its request for tions should be disappointed or further needless delay intervene, I will by a We are expecting every day to see some cranky Democratic newspaper without retiring any of the North Missouri Congressman.

as to allow him to go to Congress the recall of Minister Egan, and to special message bring this matter again to the submit the Baltimore affair to the arbitration of some neutral nation, arbitration of some neutral nation, or to submit the matier to the decome when I should lay before congress the Associated Press dispatch of or to submit the matier to the de-

Tuesday morning that an apology from Chili is offered. Representa-The exact conditions cannot be astive Breekenridge, speaking to certained. There is reason to beresolution asking the President for lieve, however, tha the Chilian Gov-diplomatic correspondence is herewith transmitted, together with correspondthe entire correspondence, intimated ernment not only offers to withdraw the offensive note, but in addition time in command in Chilean waters, and offers to apologize for it. It also Island navy yard since the arrival of the agrees to the positions taken by the Baltimore at San Francisco. United States in regard to the right "It may be well at the outset to say mility is sufficient. The Yorktown dent's message and correspondence. said to be contained in the reply, to Sr. Louis, Jan. 27.-Mr. T. J. Phillips, of Perry county, was to-day taken to mean the whole question, fairness. It is worth while also, at the elected Secretary of the State Demoas well as pay indemnity. Of course certain adherents of the Balmaceda government who applied to him for asylum tions will be held. Delegates to the that will not be entertained. The National Convention to be elected United States must be the judge of therities, nor has any demand been

ogy-that cannot be arbitrated. It is believed that Congress will is she sage sent in to-morrow and that the full text will then be disclosed.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Cases Disposed of To-Day-A Special

Grand Jury-Court Officers. GEO. W. ADAMS GRAND JURY. E. S. FROST, FOREMAN, JOHN W. HOWELL. JNO. M. DAVIS. E. H. CARTER. W. I. PAUL L. NEWKIRK NO. S. ATRINS

S. P. EMMONS. R. P. HOPKINS

COURT PROCEEDINGS. White vs. Botkin, by consent ontinued. J. W. Jeffries vs. Lillie Jeffries

ase dismissed. C. C. Orr vs. C. B. Orr. contin-

Mrs. E. J. Yohn vs. John Yohn ase dismissed J. G. Head vs. Mexico Fire Brick

Company, continued at plaintiff Lakenan & Rarnes vs. J Smith, alias liens granted and case

State of Mo. vs. Eugene Parket contempt, fined \$1.00 and costs.

DR. DUNBAR AT CENTRALIA.

The Celebrated Eye, Ear, Throat and Lung Specialist Will Visit That City.

second week in August, the fifth Dr. J. E. Dunbar, the eve, throat, parlors at the Merchants Hotel. days since, where he remained for a couple of weeks, doing a splendid prevailing in this locality. In some This is Dr. Dunbar's third or fourth Pritchett and will take possession Morgan Greer will move to Uncle Tom McGinnis is spending the winter with his son, J. H.

Our mail carrier, Mr. Jule Yelton, Fire at Centralia. wooden business buildings just east WE understand that it is already ice house with very fine ice. He of the Guard office in Centralia being claimed that because the Massays he is going to handle milk caught fire and some of them with two upon the legal aspect of the case.

The Baltimore was in the harbor

> Wills & Henry, hardware men, are the heaviest losers. Their stock This invitation, I think, must be held

> His stock was insured for \$1,200 and His stock was insured for \$1,200 and collision or injury in which a sailor or building for \$600. Only a few sad-officer of such a naval vessel visiting

seven hundred dollars. Fully insur-Any pictures you wish copied or ed.

pneumonia.

The President's Special Message on Chilean Affairs.

STORY OF THE CONTROVERSY.

Points of Offcuse by the Southern Republic-Minister Egan's Course Upheld. The Diplomatic Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The following is President Harrison's message on the Chilean situation, sent to congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives In my annual message delivered to congress at the beginning of the present session, after a brief statement of the facts then in the possession of this gov-ernment touching the assault in the city

or to submit the matier to the decision of the United States Supreme Court.

Court.

Court.

Court the matier to the decountry the correspondence between this government and the government of Chili from the time of the breaking out of the revolution against Balmaceda, together with all the other facts in the possession of the executive department relating to this matter. The

of asylum and the safe conduct of that, whatever may have been said in refugees. Inquiry to-night strength-refugees. Inquiry to-night strength-Chili is not satisfactory to the members of the United States Government. The tenor of the offer is not ment. The tenor of the offer is not agreeable. And the proposition agreeable in the proposition whole borne himself in every trying said to be contained in the reply, to circumstance with dignity, discretion arbitrate the Baltimore affair, is and courage and has conducted the correspondence with ability, courtesy and whether or not Chili shall apologize beginning to say that the right of Mr Egan to give shelter in the legation to has not been denied by the Chilean authe propriety of demanding an apol- made for the surrender of these ref-"That there was urgent need of asylum stared as follows:

insist upon having the Egan mes- 1891, describing the disorders that prevailed in Santiago and by the evidence of Captain Schley as to the pillage and violence that prevailed at Valparaiso. The correspondence disclosed, however, that the request of Mr. Egan for a safe conduct from the country in behalf of these refugees was denied. The precedents cited by him in the ce spondence, particularly the case of the revolution in Peru in 1885, did not leave the Chilean government in a position to Judge deny the right of asylum to political ref-ttorney special seemed very clearly to sup-sheriff port Mr. Egan's contention that a safe conduct to neutral territory was a neces-sary and acknowledged incident of the asylum. These refugees have very re-cently, without formal safe conduct, placed on board the Yorktown, and are now being conveyed to Callao, Peru.
This incident might be considered wholly closed, but for the disrespect manifested toward this government by the close and offensive police surveillance of the legation premises which were maintained during most of the period of the stay of the refugees therein, after the date of my annual message and up to the time of the transfer of the refugees to the Yorktown. The legation premises seem to have been surrounded by police in uniform and podetectives in citizen's who offensively scrutinized per-

on one or more occasions arrested mem-bers of the minister's family. "Commander Evans, who by my di-rection recently visited Mr. Egan at Santiago, in his telegram to the navy de partment described the legation "a vertable prison" and states that the police agents or detectives were after his arrival withdrawn during his stay. It appears further from the note of Mr. Egan's of Nov. 29, 1891, that on one ocdon at least these police agents, whon the legation premises, pounding upon its windows, using insulting and threatenng language toward persons therein. This breach of the right of a minister to freedom from police espionage and re-straint seems to have been so flagrant the diplomatic corps, having observed it felt called upon to protest against it to the Chilean minister of foreign affairs. The Chilean authorities have, as will be observed from the correspondence charged the refugees and the inmates of the legation with insulting the police; but it seems to me incredible that men whose lives were in jeopardy and whose safety could only be secured by retireear and lung specialist, will visit ment and quictness should have sought Centralia on February 6th and take to provoke a collision which could only end in their destruction, or to aggravate

sons entering or leaving the legation and

lar feeling hat at one time so threat Dr. Dunbar visited Mexico a few appeal to the minister of foreign affairs. The Baltimore Incident. "But the most serious incident disa couple of weeks, doing a splendid closed by the correspondence is that of business. From here he went to the attack on the sailors of the Baltitheir own. It has been my desire in Bowling Green, Mo., where his more in the streets of Valparaiso on the 16th of October last. We have now reevery way to cultivate friendly and inti-mate relations with all the governments practice was larger than ever before, ceived from the Chilean government an of this hemisphere. We do not covet their territory. We desire their peace abstract of the conclusion of the fiscal general upon the testimony taken by the and prosperity. We look for no advantage in our relations with them, except tour in this part of Missouri and his judge of crimes in the investigation which was made to extend over nearly three months. I very much regret to be increased exchanges of commerce upor a basis of mutual benefit, year. While at Centralia we are sure he will receive a large practice from Audrain and Boone counties.

Sumpelled to say that this report dos a basis of mutual benefit. We regret every civil contest that disturbs their peace and parlyses their development, and are always ready to give our good offices for the restoration of peace. It sure he will receive a large practice from Audrain and Boone counties.

Dr. Dunbar gives splendid satisfactors.

Interpolation in the continuous practice announced in my annual message. I am specification of peace is saulted, beaten, stabled and killed, not for anything the process of the restoration of peace. It must, however, be understood that this not for anything the process of the restoration of peace. It must, however, be understood that this not for anything the process of the restoration of peace. McGinnis.

Dr. Dunbar gives splendid satisfaction and the more the people see of Miss Jennie Douglass, who has him the better they like him. At been confined to her bed for several the Merchants Hotel, Centralia, or was charged with having done, by its protection to its citizens, to its officers and to its humblest sailors, when made civil officers and naval con Mo., Feb. 6th, to remain two weeks. Evil officers and naval commanders. If and to its humblest sailors, when made that be the true aspect of the case, the the victims of wantonness and cruelty tions that the troubles were caused by njury was to the government of the in resentment, not of their personal mis-united States, not to those poor sailors gonduct, but of the official acts of their Tuesday night about 12 o'clock the who were assaulted in a manner so

rutal and so cowardly,
"Before attempting to give an outline of the facts mon which this conclusion "The Baltimore was in the harbor of Valparaise by virtue of that general in-vitation which nations are held to extend to war vessels of other powers when they have friendly relations. that when his vessel returned to Valnar-J. R. Glore's harness and saddle siso on Sept. 14, the city officers, as is customary, extended the hospitalities of

International Rights Involved. It is not claimed that every personal shore may be involved raises an interna Mr. A. Rodemyre's building and opinion where such sailors or officers are whose uniform these sailors and officers wear, and in resentment of acts done Will Sneed's shoe shop was a to"Executive Mansion, Jan. 25, 1892."

ment, not by their own choice. They

were upon shore by the implied invita-tion of the government of Chilo and with the approval of their commanding officer, and it does not distinguish their

case from that of a consul that his stay

is more permanent or that he holds an express invitation from the local gov-

ernment to justify his longer residence. Nor does it affect the question whether

the injury was the act of a mob. If there had been no participation by the

police or military in this cruel work, and no neglect on their part to extend protection, the case would still be one, in 119 opinion, where its extent and character is considered involving inter-

national rights.

He reviewed at some length the story

of the assault on the Baltimore's men, the investigation of which followed both

at Valparaiso and San Francisco, and commented on the same.

astrous attack upon our men, as will

ment was advised of the aspect which

it then assumed and was called upon for any facts in its possession that might

tend to modify the unfavorable impres

We might justly have complained of this unreasonable delay, but in view of

the fact that the government of Chile was still provisional, and with a dispo-

sition to be forbearing and hopeful of a friendly termination, I have awaited the

report, which has but recently been made On the 21st inst, I caused to be commu

nicated to the government of Chile, by

the American minister at Santiago, th

conclusions of this government after ful

consideration of all evidence and every

suggestion affecting this matter, and

The Demand for Reparation.

"First-That the assault was not re

lieved of the aspect which the early in-formation of the event gave it, viz: That

he attack upon the uniform of the

United States navy had its origin and motive in a feeling of hostility to this

sailors or any of them.

overnment, and not in any action of

Second-That the public anthorities

f Valparaiso flagrantly failed in their

duty to protect our men, and that some of the police and Chilean soldiers and

sailors were themselves guilty of unpro

voked assaults upon our sailors were

themselves guilty of unprovoked assaults

upon our sailors before and after the ar-

rest. He (the president) thinks the pre-ponderance of evidence and inherent

"Third—That he (president) was there-

fore compelled to bring the case back to the position taken in the note of Whar-

ton Oct. 23 last, and ask for a suitable

for the injury done to this government. In the same note the attention of the

by Matta, ex-masses of a note addressed by Matta, ex-masses of coreign affairs, to Montt, its minister at this capital, on

officially communicated to this govern

ment, but as Montt was directed to

ranslate it and give it to the press

this country, it seemed to me it could

not pass without official notice. It was

not only undiplomatic, but grossly in-

sulting to our naval officers and to the

executive department, as it directly im-

puted untruth and insincerity to the re-ports of the naval officers and to the

official communications made by the

Chilean government that unless this note is at once withdrawn and an apology as

while as the offense, is made,  $\Gamma$  will erminate diplomatic relations.

"The request for the recall of Egan

upon the ground that he is non persona

grata, was unaccompanied by any sug-gestion that could properly be used in

gestion that could properly be used in support of it, and I infer the request

was based upon the official acts of Egan which had received the approval of this

"Upon information received from Pat-

rick Shields, an Irishman, and probably

a British subject, but at the time the

executive department to congrewill be observed that I have notified the

the 11th ult. This dispatch

pology and some adequate reparation

ilean government was called to the

these conclusions I adhere. They

sion which our report had created.

The terms of the ultimatum to Chile The terms of the ultimatum to Chile have not been correctly given in any of the dispatches referring to it. Three subjects are covered by the document. The assault upon the Baltimore sailors is the first. The secretary of state directs Mr. Egan to inform the Chilean countries had been remonstrated against.

The statement of Shields, the Keelen control of the countries had been remonstrated against. government that after a full and careful examination of evidence of that affair as submitted by the Chilean authorities and as shown in the examination of the Balpelled to stand by the terms of Assistant cretary Wharton's instructions to Minister Egan, given Oct. 23, and to insist upon an apology and reparation therefor.

The second subject is the Matta circular note of Dec. 13. This note, the Chilean government is informed, is offensive to the president and other officials of the United States, and that After summarizing the correspondence up to a certain point, the president says: "The communications of the Chilean government in relation to this cruel and unless it is promptly withdrawn and the language disavowed by the Chilean gov-ernment in equally public form as that ister Egan will ask for passports and diplomatic relations between the countries will cease.

appear from the correspondence, may appear from the correspondence, many appear from the correspondence, may appear from the correspondence from the correspondenc The third is proposed the recall of Min-ister Egan. Acknowledgment is made for receipt of Minister Montt's note, stating that Mr. Egan is non persona gret, much less apology. The event was of so serious a character that if the Chilean port, the incident was grave enough to have called for some public expression of sympathy and regret from that government to receive another representative of the United States at Santithe local authorities. It is not enough, to say that the affair was lamentable, humanity would require that exof our men had been justifiable. It is not enough to say that the incident was regretted, coupled with the statement that the affair was not of an unusual character in ports where foreign sailors are accustomed to meet. It is not for a generous and sincere government to seek for words of small or equivocal in meaning in which to convey to a friendly power an apology for an offense so atro-cious as this." hey were satisfied with him, and that were a United States citizen. Reference is made to the assault by the mob in New Orleans upon the Span-ish consulate in 1851, and the action of ministers from other countries. This dispatch raises a question of veracity between Minister Egan and Senor Montt, the government of the United States in promptly apologizing for it, and it is which subsequent correspondence or events may aid in settling. Certain it is that up to the receipt of Mr. Montt's note the records do not show any indication of dissatisfaction with Mr. Egan by the ontrasted to the present treatment of ur government by Chile. Continuing, he message says:
"In our note of Octorber 23 last, after receiving the report of the board of officers appointed by Captain Schley to investigate the affair, the Chilean govern-

DIPLOMATIC CORRESS ONDENCE. The Long Discussion Between the Two correspondence from the department of more valuable before the meeting. and legislative departments of Chilean government resulting finally in the

overthrow of President Balmaceda. downfall of Balmaceda are covered by threats that, without being cast back with acrimony, were not acceptable, nor downfall of Balmaceda are covered by with acrimony, were not acceptable, nor numerous dispatches. From Aug. 27 to. could they be accepted in that case or 31 disorder reigned at Santiago attend any other of like nature. He did not ing the change of governments. The \$5,000,000 worth of property wantonly country to judge and punish the guilty destroyed. All the legations except the destroyed. All the legations, except the English, which refused to accept any, alone avoided a great sacrifice of life. stallation of the new government. On the 4th he was instructed to recognize it, ognize any other authority competent which he did on the 5th. During the judge criminal cases than that estal excitement the United States legation entertained nearly one hundred refugees.

including Balmaceda and his family. They remained three days. Britain at the Bottom of It Sept. 1 Mr. Egan wrote that ever since the Itata incident a bitter feeling had been held against the United States by the young and unthinking element of se then in opposition to the govern-nt, a feeling which, said Mr. Egan, state department as the English did all in their power to promote and foster. A manifestation of eign relations, sent Chilean minister, this was shown in the charge by Vergana, who acted as secretary of the army of the north, who said that on the day pers today: of the landing of the northern army at Quiteros on Aug. 20 the San Francisco went to that bay and from there carried the secretary of the navy and of the mesback the most important information to the government authorities at Valparaiso. Rear Admiral Brown denied he charge absolutely, stating that the ending had been effected and was fully known to the government officials before he left and that he had no communicaion with them after his return. 24 and 25 Mr. Egan telegraphed that it id been intimated that he was expected to turn the refugees out that were in the gation to be prosecuted, but that he would permit them to go out only under would permit them to go out only and safe conduct to neutral territory; also that the feeling against the United States because of the Itata incident was being forward. Sacret police surrounded the legation arresting persons, twenty in number, for entering it and placing two of Mr. Egan's servants in prison. Against this Mr. Egan proed to the minister of foreign affa by direction of the president Mr. Whar-on telegraphed to Minister Egan Sept. 26 to insist firmly that the respect and inviolability due the minister of the Inited States and the legation buildngs, including free access, be given and bserved fully and promptly by the Chilean authorities. Nov. 16, in response to questions, Mr.

government. But, however that may be, I could not consent to consider such a question until it had first been settled Egan informed the state department that he had supported the refugees at could be conducted upon a basis of mututhe legation at his own expense, amounting to more than \$5,000. Chile Should Be Brought to Time. 33 17 he reported that he was compelled to "In submitting these papers to con-gres for that grave and patriotic considcomplain that the secret police who had been watching the legation for two weeks had become boisterous under the eration, which the questions involved demand, I desire to say I am of the onin-ion that the demands made of Chile by this government should be adhered to afluence of liquor, and from the street and enforced. If the dignity as well as the prestige and influence of the United States is not to be wholly sacrificed we must represent the disturbance. He said a report from the disturbance. had used insulting language toward the refugees. Mr. Matta replied, denying Santiago showed that Mr. Egan was not eign ports display the flag and wear the | well informed. He charged that percolors of this government, against insult, sons that were employes of the legation brutality and death inflicted in resentment of the acts of their govern-ment and not for any fault of reprisals not ple

tions which might provoke replies and the decorum of anybody. Matta's Statement Contradicted. To this Mr. Egan responded that the facts he complained of were known to him personally and were matters of pub-lic notoriety. The drunken crowd gathered about the doors of the legation, and the refugees to go outside. That condi-tion of things, Mr. Egan said, showed want of respect for the legation, and was not calculated to promote the maintenance of cordial friendship spirit which was desirable to cultivate betweeen the two countries. Further correspondence took place between Messrs. Egan and Matta on this subject under dates of Nov. 22 the actions of the refugees in the lega-

tion and their agents outside.

To this Mr. Egan replied in spirited terms, denying the connection of any person in the legation with the disorders and insisting that they were undoubtedly agents of the public authorities,

reman of the American steamer Keewana, in the harbor of Valparaiso, for re-The Attack on the Baltimore's Men. Coming to the attack on the sailors of pairs, had been subjected to personal intries in that city, largely by the police, the evidence of the officers and crew of that vessel to be fight having occurred on the 16th. On taken upon its arrival in San Francisco; and this testimony is also herewith transmitted. The brutality and even Minister Egan and to the intendente, the savagery of the treatment of this that to the latter asking an investigapoor man by the Chilean police would tion and said: "The general impression is e incredible if the evidence of Shields that the attack was unprovoked and prewas not supported by other direct testi-mony and by the distressing condition of the man himself when he was inally able to reach his vessel. The claim for reparation has been made on behelf of this man, for while he is not a citizen of the United States, the doctrine so long held by us, as expressed in the consuler resultations to the consuler resultation to the consuler resultation to the consuler resultation of the German ships of one of the German ships of the president to Minister Egan in the consular regulations is: 'The prin-Assistant Secretary of State Wharton ciples which are maintained by this gov-ernment in regard to protection, as disof Oct. 23, which has which has been printed, in . Egan was instructed to intinguished from relief of seamen is well which Mr. settled. It is held that the circumform the Chilean government that the stances that the vessel is American is covidence that the seamen on board are such and in every regularly documented offered by Chile if the facts were as nerchant vessel the crew will find their protection in the flag that covers found by the board composed of the Baltimore's officers which investigated

the affair "I have as yet received no reply to An Outrage at Valparais assault. The officers and sailors of the congress for such action as may be Baltimore were in the harbor of Valpariaso under the orders of their government the position ing to a report from the United States taken by him in the whole matter. Mr. Egan's son and two gentlemen who had

drunkenness, a charge denied by him, kept for several days in jail without process of law, forced to sweep the streets and brutally beaten by police officers. The consul said that he had

against.

The statement of Shields, the Kee wana sailor, to Surgeon White and the report of the chief of police of Valparaiso to Consul McCreery are included in the correspondence and confirm the truth of this statement. In Mr. Egan's dispatch later all the documents in the case, patch later all the documents in the correspondence of instructions he did not attend.

The transfer in safety of the last five the York was against.

The transfer in safety of the last five the York was against.

The transfer in safety of the last five the York was against. patch later all the documents in the case, which are set out in full in the correspondence, were transmitted to Senor Matta by Mr. Egan, in connection with Shields' claim for \$5,000 damages. The following upon the question of Shields' citizenship are suggestive: citizenship are suggestive:

VALPARAISO, Nov. 20. In the case of Patrick Shields, of the Keewana, who makes a claim against the government of Chile for injuries claimed police of this city. I desire to state that he was born in Ireland, and is a subject of Great Britain. WILLIAM MCCREERY, United States Consul.

SANTIAGO, Nov. 23. SIR-Replying to your communication of the 20th inst., in reference to the case of grata to the government of Chile and announcing the readiness and desire of steamship Keewana, I beg to refer you to paragraphs 170 and 171 of consular in structions, in the latter of which you will Upon this subject the government find the following: "The principles which of Chile is informed that the note cannot are maintained by this government in re-now be considered. There are other and gard to the protection as distinguished weightier matters pending settlement from the relief of seamen are well and when they are satisfactorily disposed settled. It is held that the circumof this government will then consider stance that the vessel is American the request for the recall of Mr. Egan. is evidence that the seamen on board The United States minister was, of are such, and in every regularly docu-course, notified of the receipt of the note from Senor Montt, and it is said a mes-their protection in the flag that covers sage has been received from him stating that the members of the Chilean government authorized to speak upon such ing shipped in a port of the United States, ing shipped in a port of the United States, ing shipped in a port of the United States, ing shipped in a port of the United States, ing shipped in a port of the United States, ing shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in a port of the United States, in the shipped in has been received from him stating them. Shields is therefore in this case ment authorized to speak upon such ing shipped in a port of the United States matters have verbally assured him that PATRICK EGAN."

On the same day, Nov. 7, Mr. Egan reported a public meeting called to de-nounce the United States legation and to request the delivery of the refugees. This was due to attacks in the press. The government sent a squadron of cav-alry to protect the legation. This meet-ing was called by a proclamation which charged that the refugees in the legation had conspired to kill Colonel Canto. After the meeting the intendente issue a proclamation denying the existence of Countries on the Subject.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Chilean Mr. Egan said, would have been much this incident Senor Matta wrote to Mr. state forms a volume of several hundred Egan that "the government does not printed pages. It begins with Minister Egan's dispatch of Aug. 15, 1890, notifying the department of the beginning of the controversy between the executive the misdemeanors of speech, spoken and written, which, as has been observed by the honorable minister plenipotentiary, were not borne out by the results."

Chile's Insolent Attitude. Senor Matta's reply Oct. 27 said that werthrow of President Balmaceda.

The success of the revolutionists and formulated demands and advanced doubt the sincerity, rectitude or earnes ness of the investigation on board th police deserted their posts, the houses of Baltimore, but would recognize only the Balmaceda's supporters were sacked and jurisdiction and majority of his own inistrative and judicial authoriti had been investigating the affair; were crowded with refugees, which the judicial investigation under Chilean Sept. 1 Mr. Egan announced the incate the result, although he did not re lished by the Chilean people. Until the lished by the Chilean people. Until the time arrived to disclose the result of the investigation he would not admit that the disorders in Valparaiso or the silence of his department should appear as an expression of unfriendlin government of the United States which might put in peril the friendly relations between the two countries.

Minister Matta's Note. On Dec. 13 Mr. Egan telegraphed the state department as follows: "The following telegram from minister of for-

Senor Pedro Montt, Washington: sage of the president of the United States I think proper to inform you that the statements on which both report and mes

sage are based are erroneous or deliber ately incorrect. With respect to the persons to whom ar asylum has been granted, they have never | tary Blaine has granted the delay. been threatened with cruel treatment no the legation, nor has their surrender been person of the pleripotentiary, notwith standing indiscretions and deliberate to the scamen of the Baltimore there moreover, no exactness nor sincerity in what is said at Washington. rence took place in a bad neighborhood of the city, the maintop of Valparaiso, and among people who are not models of liscretion and temperance. When the and other forces interfered and calmed the tunuit there were already several hundred people on the ground and

t was ten squares or more from the place Mr. Tracy and Mr. Harrison have been led into error in respect to our reople and our government. Their instructions recomending impartiality and friendship hav before. If no official complaint has been made against the minister and the nava officers, it is because the facts, publinot, although they were well proved by our confidential agent. urged This telegram was published in the

official diary and transmitted by the Chilean minister at Buenos Ares to all Chilean legations in Europe. On the same day the correspondence between Messrs, Egan and Matta on the Ball more case was published in all the Valaraiso papers. Mr. Egan at once wrote Minister Matta

asking if the published text of the tele issing it the phoising the latter replied gram was correct, and the latter replied it was, and added: "Inasmuch as the telegram is an official act of the governent of Chile whereby it communicates instructions to its envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary in the United States of North America, any exlanation or dissertation on the part of he undersigned could add nothing to its contents, which are to serve as a guide for Don Pedro Montt at Washingon in treating of these matters, Pending, further instructions Mr. Egan notified the state department on Dec. 17 that he had suspended com-munications with the Chilean foreign Blaine on Matta's Insult.

On the 8th inst. Mr. Blaine asked thether all that is personally offensive the president and other officers of the to the president and other omers of the United States in the Matta circular would be withdrawn by the new government. ernment: also, whether a safe con would be granted to the refugees who were still in the legation, and finally, whether all surveillance of the legation had been removed. That day Mr. Egan was at Valparaiso to place on the United the Baltimore and its consequences, the | who had traveled without safe conducts Blaine's inquiry until the 12th inst. when he reported that he had a conver-sation with the minister of foreign affairs, in the course of which he se-cured for all the refugees permission to eave the country, and was oally that no harm would be done them. but could not obtain a written safe cor duct; that on the first question he could only receive a promise for as early a re ply as possible, the absence of the presi dent in Valparaiso making it impossible for him to answer at once, and that the legation was entirely free from espionage. Mr. Egan's summary of the report of the judge of crimes in the Baltimore case was transmitted the same day. Egan Fears Incendiaries.

eral persons had been arrested after leaving the latter; that the newspapers were relentless in their offensiv scrupulous attacks, and that it was in-tended to drive out the refugees by at tempting to burn the legation or adjoin-ing houses. He related the exour note of the 21st inst., but, in my opinion, I ought not delay longer to bring these matters to the attention of the United States steamship Keewana, said that the British minister componeress for such action as may be and an American citizen, who, according to the United States are various as the related time expressions of approval from members of the diplomatic corps, and bring these matters to the attention of the United States steamship Keewana, and that the British minister commended to his government the position

called at the legation, were seized by the police Dec. 20-22 as they were leaving the legation, but were released. Against this course of action by the authorities this course of action by the authorities the Argentine minister, as dean of the diplomatic corps, protested, and he was promised that only the regular uniformed police should be maintained about the legation. This promise, Mr. Egan reports, was complied with in part only.

refugees in the legatio town was reported by Mr. Egan on Jan

13. They were accompanied by two refugees from the Spanish legation, the Spanish minister and the Chilean min-

Matta Moderates His Tone Jan. 16 Mr. Egan transmitted a relation of the interview which the minister of foreign affairs accorded on that day, and said that he was told that in view Mr. Blaine's position, and on the ground taken by the former secretaries of state, Buchanan and Webster, no foreign power, through its representatives, could make a message of the president of the United States the basis of diplomatic representations or controversy; that his government would not have any objec-tion to withdrawing all that might be red disagreeable to that of the considered disagreeable to that of the United States in the Matta telegram. Mr. Egan added that he expressed an opinion that an expression of regret for such parts of that document as were con-

sidered offensive to the president and other officers of the United States would ministers positive assurance that the Chilean Minister to the United States had been instructed to express regret for all that might create unpleasantness be-tween the two governments in the case. Pedro Montt's first appearance was on Aug. 28, when through Julio Foster he wrote to notify Secretary Blaine of the surrender of Valparaiso by Balmaceda. Dec. 11 he transmitted a long letter concerning the Baltimore affair, in which he said that the report in official docu-ments published in Washington were inaccurate; that Chile would make a complete statement of the facts as soot as the investigation was complete. To this letter Mr. Montt wrote of the lamentable events at Valparaise, which "my government deeply deplores, and further events like those which took place in Valparaiso on Oct. 16 are not rare in ports visited by sailors of diverse nationalties, and there are no grounds whateve for attributing to the affair of Valparaiso any motive offensive to the United States. If the result of the judicial investigation shall show the culpability of the Chilean citizens, the government ernment of the United States may rest assured that they will be punished con-formably to the laws."

Other ducuments furnished the state department by M. Montt include the reports of the Santiago police officials, upon which Mr. Matta based his notes Mr. Egan, that the disturbances about the United States legation in that city were due to the occupants and employer of the legation.

Mr. Montt presented no dispatches

from his government about withdraw-ing the Matta telegram of Jan. 16 that came through the United States legation Jan. 1 Secretary Blaine sent a tele gram to Mr. Egan reciting the facts in the Baltimore case and expressing the

opinion that the attack on the American ilors had its origin and motive in a feeling of hostility to this government: that the Chilean authorities failed in their duty of protection and that this government was consequently com-pelled to ask for a suitable apology and adequate reparation. Mr. Egan is in-structed to bring these matters to the attention of the Chilean government and to express President Harrison's regret that from the beginning the gravity of the questions involved has apparently not been appreciated by that govern-

Coming to the Matta note Mr. Blaine says the expressions therein imputing untruth and insincerity to the president of the United States and secretary of the to this government and demands an A. K. apology. If an apology is not given

tions will be terminated. Then follows an intimation from the Chilean government that Egan should be recalled, to which Mr. Blaine replies that the United States can take no such action pending an apology and repara-tion asked from Chili. It is understood today that the Chilean minister of foreign affairs asked one or two days' grace to consult President Montt, who is at the baths in the interior and that Secre

## BRONCHINE

For Coughs & Colds, 25c.

A SCHOOL TEACHER

To Receive a Handsome Present From the Mexico Ledger.

HOW THEY STAND TO-DAY.

The vote in this contest stands tolay as follows: Miss Elia Stevenson. Miss Mattle Shea.

Miss Carrie Wade. Miss Aunie Spence.

Miss Hebe Grantham. Miss Josie Hamilton. Miss Lida Bloom. Miss Jesse Sanderson.

Miss Lida Kernan. Miss Annie Martinique. Miss Frankie Cauthorn. Miss Drusie Ball.

Miss Kate Hollopeter. Miss Lulu McBee. Miss Hattie Jackman.

Miss Rogers. Miss Mattie Sullinger. Miss Wary Houston. Miss Sue Stevenson Miss Clemmie Coakley. Miss Floy Patton. Miss Mary Rogers.

Miss Lizzie Talbott.

eacher

ä

Popul

ost

0

not expected to live.

Dock Powell, of near Santa Fe

on of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Powel

who formerly lived near this city, is

dead and his remains will be interred

Metice of Final Settlement.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of Maria Robinson, deceased, have been granted the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Audrain county, Missouri, bearing date January 14, 1892. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administrator within one year after date of granting of letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date they will be forever barred. B. H. ROBINSON.

Also 1,000 Antique Ash Desays lique Ash, good as oak. Weight 200 Heice P O. B. at Pactory, S21 Net. Shipp ly by the TYLER DESK CO., St. Louis, Mo.

WEAK AND UNDEVELOPED

Charles Tuggle, plaintiffs, John Fisher, H. C. Fisher, Lee Fisher, Emma Beam and H. Beam, her husband, Ann Hizer and M. H.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale made by the said Court in the above entitled cause, and of a certified copy thereof, dated November 7th, 1891, I will, on

UARY, 1891, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of Mexico in Audrain county, Missouri sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, viz:

ter (1-4) of the northeast quarter (1-4), section twenty (20), and the west half (1-2) of the northeast quarter (1-4). section twenty-nine (29), less ten acres oe expected to supplement the with-drawal, and that he received from the out of the sutheast corner of the last named tract, all in township fifty-one (51), range five (5), west Audrain county, Missouri. Terms of Sale as follows, viz :- One

half cash and the balance due in six months, to bear six per cent. interest from day of sale until paid GEO. W. ADAMS, Sheriff.

Whereas, Henry L. Berrey, a widower, by his certain deed of trust da-ted November 4, 1889, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Audr. in county, Missouri, in book 7, page 30, conreyed to James T. Nelson, trustee, the following described real estate situated in Audrain county. Missouri, to

The portheast fourth (1-4), of the northwest quarter (1-4) twelve (12), township (ifty-two (52)) north, range ten (10), west of the ath . m., containing forty acres more or

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a promissory note in said deed describ-And whereas said note is now due and remains unpaid.

And whereas according to the provisions of said deed of trust, in case of the inability or refusal of the named therein to act then the Sheriff of Audrain County, Missouri, may, at the request of the legal holder of said whereas, the trustee aforesaid, has moved away from Audrain county.

Now, therefore, at the request of the egal holder of said note and under the provisions of said deed of trust. he undersigned will on

Friday, February 12, 1892, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of Mexico, state and county aforesaid, between the hours of ine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon on said day, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay off said note, interest and costs. GEORGE W. ADAMS Sheriff of Audrain County and Actting Trustee.

Sheriff's Sale By virtue and authority of a transscript, execution No. 562, issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Audrain county, Missouri, re-

turnable at the Jan. term, 1892, of said t, and to me directed in favor of Laughlin and R. C. Paui, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and claim of the said A. K. Laughlin of, in and o the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot six (6), and the improvements thereon, in 'Sparks' addition to the city of Mexico, Audrain county, Missouri, all lying and being in the said county, and State of Missouri; and I will, on

Friday, the 29th day of January, A D., 1892. between the hours of nine o'clock in

the forenoen and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the court house, in the city of Mexico, county of Audrain aforesaid, sell the same or so much thereof as may be required, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, (subject to all prior liens and judgments) to satisfy said execution and costs.

GEO. W. ADAMS, td Sheriff of Audrain county, Mo-

Sheriff's Sale

By virtue and authority of transcript, execution No. 563, issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Audrain county, Missouri, returnable at the January term, 1892 of said court, and to me directed in favor of A. G. Armstrong and against A. K. Laughlin and R. C. Paul, I have levied upon and selzed all the right, title, interest and claim of the said A. K. Laughlin of, in and to the follow-ing described real estate, to-wit: Lot six (6), and the improvements thereon, Sparks' addition to the city of Mexico, Audrain county, Missouri, all lying and being in the said county, and State of Missouri; and I will, on

Friday, the 29th day of January, A. D. 1892 between the hours of nine o'clock in the four noon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front court house door in the city of Mexico, county of Audrain atoresaid. sell the same, or so much thereof as may be required, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, (subject to all prior liens and judgments,) to satisfy said execution and costs. GEORGE W. ADAMS,

td Sheriff of Audrain county, Mo.

Notice of Final Settlement. Notice is hereby given that fual at Rising Sun church to-morrow at settlement of the estate of Levi He also reported that policemen and detectives surrounded both the United States and Spanish legations; that several to the extractive surrounded by the several to the extractive surrounded by the several to the seve Mexico on second Monday in March S. T. McGREW. Administrator

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that final settlement of the estate of James Callaway, deceased, will be made at the March term of probate court of Audrain county, Mo., to be held at Mexico on second Monday in March, 1892.

REDMAN CALLAWAY,

Administrators.

Notice is hereby given that final settlement of the estate of Abner Grimm, deceased, will be made at the next term of Probate Court of Audrain county, Missouri, to be held at Mexico on second Monday in March, 1892. SARAH L. GRIMM, Administrators.

Hizer, her husband; Thos. Yoste, Emma Long and Charles F. Long, her husband; Matilda Sims and Elijah Sims, her husband; Susan Sparks and Geo. W: Sparks, her husband; G. D. Tuggle, Geo, A. Mid-Middleton, Charles dleton, Archie Middleton, Charles Dalton, Lenard Dalton and Alonzo

In the Circuit Court of Audrain County, Missouri.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale in Partition.

Ann J. J. Boren and her husband,

FRIDAY, THE 29th DAY OF JAN-

The west half (1-2) of the southeast quarter (1-4) and the southwest quar

Trustee's Sale.